

Changes in Victorian Liverpool (Worksheet Version 1)

Queen Victoria was **18** when she came to the throne in **1837**. She died **64** years later.



Many **incredible buildings** were built in Liverpool, like St Georges Hall. Some became world famous, like the Tobacco Warehouse, which is the largest brick-built building in the world (with **27 million bricks**)



New parks and gardens (Like Sefton Park, Newsham Park and Stanley Park) were also created.

The **Grand National** Horse race begin. Also in **1878**, **Everton** became founding members of the **world's first Football League**. Liverpool joined in **1892**. The city also has the world's **oldest Rugby club**.



New **libraries**, **hospitals** and **public baths** were created in Liverpool for the first time. Children started going to **school** instead of working in **factories**.

The world became more exciting with **new inventions** arriving. Photography, recorded sound, cinema, the bicycle, street lighting, the light bulb, the postal service, trams and telephones all improved people's lives in Victorian Liverpool.



Questions are on the next page

Changes in Victorian Liverpool Questions

1. What **year** did Queen Victoria **die**? (Clue – add 64 years onto 1837)

2. In addition to the **Victorian Buildings** and **Parks** listed, what ones do **YOU know**?

3. **What changes** happened in **Sport** at this time?

4 How did the lives of **children improve** in Victorian times?

5. Look at the list of **new inventions** from the time. **Which** do you think was the **most important** and why?